## § 19.618

(d) The name and title of any representative of the proprietor who accomplished or supervised the destruction.

(26 U.S.C. 5207)

## §19.618 Gauge record.

When a gauge record is required by this part, the proprietor must prepare the gauge record in a manner that shows:

- (a) The serial number of the gauge record, which must either:
- (1) Commence with "1" at the start of each calendar or fiscal year, or
- (2) Be a unique identifying number that is not repeated.
- (b) From the following, the applicable circumstances requiring the gauge—
- (1) Production gauge and entry for deposit in the storage or processing account at the distilled spirits plant where the spirits were produced;
- (2) Packaging of spirits or wine filled from a tank in the storage account at the same distilled spirits plant;
- (3) Transfer from the processing or storage account to the production account for redistillation;
- (4) Repackaging of spirits of  $190^{\circ}$  or more of proof; or
- (5) Gauge on return to bond in production or processing operations of spirits, denatured spirits, recovered spirits, recovered denatured spirits, articles, recovered articles, or spirits residues;
  - (c) The date of the gauge;
- (d) Any related form or record (identification, serial number and date);
- (e) The kind of spirits or formula number for denatured spirits;
- (f) The proof of distillation (not required for denatured spirits, spirits for redistillation, or spirits of 190° or more of proof):
- (g) When containers are to be filled, the type and number of containers;
  - (h) The age of the spirits;
- (i) The name and distilled spirits plant number of the producer or warehouseman; and
  - (j) The following gauge data—
- (1) Package identification, tank number, volumetric or weight gauge details, proof, and wine gallons;
- (2) Cooperage identification ("C" for charred, "REC" for recharred, "P" for

plain, "PAR" for paraffined, "G" for glued, or "R" for reused, and "PS" if a barrel has been steamed or water soaked before filling);

- (3) Entry proof for whiskey;
- (4) Proof gallons per filled package; and
- (5) Total proof gallons of spirits or wine gallons of denatured spirits, recovered denatured spirits, articles, spirits residues, or wine.

(26 U.S.C. 5207)

## § 19.619 Package gauge record.

When this part or part 28 of this chapter requires a proprietor to gauge packages of spirits, the proprietor must prepare a package gauge record in a manner that shows:

- (a) The date the record is prepared;
- (b) The identity of the related transaction form or record, and its serial number;
- (c) The name and distilled spirits plant number of the producer or processor. For blended rums or brandies the proprietor must enter the name and plant number of the blending warehouseman. For spirits of 190° or more of proof, the proprietor must enter the name and plant number of the producer or warehouseman, as appropriate and, where the packages have already been marked, the name and distilled spirits plant number marked thereon. For imported spirits, the proprietor must enter the name of the warehouseman who received the spirits from customs custody and the name of the importer. For Virgin Islands or Puerto Rican spirits, the proprietor must enter the name of the producer in the Virgin Islands or Puerto Rico:
- (d) The proof of distillation for spirits not over 190° of proof; and
  - (e) For each package—
- (1) The serial or identification number:
- (2) The designation for wooden barrels ("C" for charred, "REC" for recharred, "P" for plain, "PAR" for paraffined, "G" for glued, "R" for reused, and "PS" if a barrel has been steamed or water soaked before filling);
  - (3) The kind of spirits;
- (4) The gross weight determined at the time of the original gauge or regauge or at the time of shipment;